Important Tips About Calling 9-1-1

Kansas City
Regional 9-1-1 System
Mid-America Regional Council
600 Broadway, Suite 200 • Kansas City, MO 64105-1659
816/474-4240 • www.marc.org/publicsafety
The Mid-America Regional Council (MARC) serves as the coordinating agency for the Kansas City Regional 9-1-1 System, which handles approximately 1.6 million emergency calls each year.

The regional system is coordinated through a number of committees and task forces comprised of representatives of local governments. The system is served by 45 public safety answering points (PSAPs) operated by government agencies in the nine-county bistate region.

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### Public Safety Answering Points

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<tr>
<th>AMR Ambulance Service</th>
<th>Leawood Police Dept.</th>
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<tr>
<td>Belton Police Dept.</td>
<td>Lee’s Summit Fire Dept.</td>
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<td>Blue Springs Police Dept.</td>
<td>Lee’s Summit Police Dept.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cass County Sheriff’s Office</td>
<td>Lenexa Police Dept.</td>
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<td>Central Jackson County Fire Protection District</td>
<td>Liberty Police Dept.</td>
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<td>Clay County Sheriff’s Office</td>
<td>MAST Ambulance Services</td>
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<td>Claycomo Police Dept.</td>
<td>Miami County Sheriff’s Office</td>
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<td>Excelsior Springs Police Dept.</td>
<td>North Kansas City Police Dept.</td>
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<td>Ft. Leavenworth Provost Marshal</td>
<td>Overland Park Police Dept.</td>
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<td>Gladstone Dept. of Public Safety</td>
<td>Platte County Sheriff’s Office</td>
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<tr>
<td>Grandview Police Dept.</td>
<td>Pleasant Hill Police Dept.</td>
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<td>Harrisonville Police Dept.</td>
<td>Pleasant Valley Police Dept.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Independence Police Dept.</td>
<td>Prairie Village Police Dept.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Jackson County Sheriff’s Office</td>
<td>Ray County 9-1-1</td>
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<td>Johnson County Emergency Communications Center</td>
<td>Raymore Police Dept.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Johnson County Sheriff’s Office</td>
<td>Raytown Police Dept.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Kansas City, Mo. Fire Dept.</td>
<td>Riverside Police Dept.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Kansas City, Mo. Police Dept.</td>
<td>Shawnee Police Dept.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Leavenworth County Sheriff’s Office</td>
<td>Sugar Creek Police Dept.</td>
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The major benefit of 9-1-1 to citizens and public safety agencies is the amount of time saved by the use of a common emergency phone number. In most cases, 9-1-1 personnel receive the phone number and location from which a call is made, saving valuable time that is crucial to successful emergency service.

It is important to keep your address, phone number and other emergency information by every phone. This brochure provides space on the back for vital information and is designed so you can keep one by each phone.
When should I call 9-1-1?

- To report a crime in progress
- To report a fire
- To save a life
- Anytime an emergency response is required by law enforcement, fire or emergency personnel

You should call 9-1-1 anytime you believe there is an actual emergency. If you are unsure, call 9-1-1 and the dispatcher will make the final determination.

Situations that are NOT 9-1-1 emergencies:
Please do not call 9-1-1 to report that electricity or other utilities are off; to notify authorities of traffic jams; to inquire about government services or to learn general information. Consult your local phone directory for the appropriate numbers.

Remember:

If the 9-1-1 system receives multiple calls at the same time, these calls will be answered in the order they are received and handled on a priority basis. Please be patient if your call is put on hold.

DO NOT HANG UP!

Remember:

When using a phone at a business or public building it may be necessary to obtain an outside line before dialing out. For example, you may have to dial an access code such as 9, 8 or 2 before dialing 9-1-1.
How will my call be handled by the 9-1-1 dispatcher?

When you call 9-1-1 to report an emergency, the dispatcher will ask you five basic questions . . .

- Where is this happening?
- When did this happen?
- What is happening now? Why?
- Is anyone injured?
- Who is involved? Descriptions?

Other information you may need:
Include the exact location or address of the emergency. Provide nearby intersections, landmarks, building name, floor, room or apartment number, as well as directions to the address, if possible. As soon as the dispatcher has determined your location and type of emergency, he or she will send help immediately. However, the dispatcher may keep asking you questions to gather information about the situation to pass along to the emergency personnel on the way to the scene. Don’t hang up until the dispatcher instructs you to do so.

When dialing a 913 phone number, I accidentally dialed 9-1-1. What should I do?

9-1-1 centers have been inundated with calls from people attempting to dial a 913 number. If you dialed 9-1-1 by mistake, stay on the line and tell the dispatcher that you have misdialed. If you hang up before talking to a dispatcher, the call will still be delivered to the 9-1-1 center. Valuable time may be lost for other callers while the dispatcher is trying to verify that there is no emergency at your location.
What do I need to know to give a good description?

In many 9-1-1 emergencies, the dispatcher will ask you to describe either the people or the vehicles involved in the emergency.

- **When describing an individual, start at the top of the head and work your way down.**
  - What was the race and sex of the individual?
  - How tall was the individual?
  - What was the hair color?
  - What was the individual wearing? (Start from the top of the head and go down.)
  - Did the individual have a mustache, beard, accent, limp, glasses or anything unusual that might make him or her stand out?

- **When describing a vehicle, the dispatcher will ask for the following information:**
  - Color
  - Year of vehicle
  - Make of vehicle
  - Body style
  - Additional description
  - License plate (number and state) of the vehicle

If you don’t know any of the above information, a general description of the vehicle will help. Example: A large, dark, older vehicle.
What should I teach my child about calling 9-1-1?

While many children are familiar with dialing 9-1-1 in an emergency situation, they often do not know other important information, such as their address or how to reach a parent at work. Experts recommend that you begin teaching your children this important information at about age three:

- Their full names, parents’ full names, home address and phone number with area code
- Your cell phone number
- The name and phone number of your employer
- What an emergency is and when to call 9-1-1
- How to hold the phone properly so that they can speak clearly into the phone
- That it is against the law to call 9-1-1 as a joke or prank
- Not to be afraid to call 9-1-1

Teaching your children to call you at work before calling 9-1-1 wastes valuable time. Give them permission to call 9-1-1 if they think there is an emergency.

Remember:

Attempt to stay calm when you are talking to a 9-1-1 dispatcher. Take a deep breath. Listen to and answer each question. Do not hang up after dialing 9-1-1 until the dispatcher tells you to do so (even if you did not mean to dial 9-1-1).
**Does it make a difference if I call 9-1-1 on a wireless phone?**

Yes! It is very important that you provide as much information as possible to the dispatcher. This includes:

- Your wireless phone number
- Location of the emergency
- The name of the road you are traveling on, direction you are headed and any physical landmarks
- How many miles from or to the nearest town or cross street

Technology in use in the Kansas City region allows dispatchers to receive the phone number and approximate location from where the wireless 9-1-1 call originated. But it is still important to know your exact location in the event of an emergency. Make it a habit to note mile markers and other road signs that would help you identify where you are should you need to call 9-1-1.

**How does the 9-1-1 center know my location?**

9-1-1 calls in the MARC region go through a special router that uses x,y coordinates to pinpoint the caller’s location on a map. This allows the 9-1-1 dispatcher to relay accurate location information to the appropriate agencies.

Depending on the capabilities of your cellular service provider, though, complete location information may not always be available to the 9-1-1 dispatcher. If your phone is equipped with the appropriate software and the carrier’s network supports it, location information will be sent with your 9-1-1 call. If you have questions regarding your cellular phone’s readiness, contact your wireless service provider.
Many people do not have their cellular phone number memorized. Make sure that you have the number written down in an easy to find location before you need to call 9-1-1.
What should I do in case of a fire?

- **GET OUT SAFELY**
  Test doors with the back of your hand before opening them. If they are warm, use an alternate escape route. Crawl on your hands and knees low under smoke. Keep your head one to two feet above the ground. If your clothing catches on fire, remember **STOP**, **DROP** and **ROLL**.

- **GET OUT AND STAY OUT**
  Never go back inside a burning building. Do not try to rescue pets or possessions.

- **GET HELP**
  Call 9-1-1 from a different location after you have escaped.

- **REMEMBER YOUR ESCAPE PLAN**
  Go to a designated safe meeting place and wait for the fire department. Count heads and be prepared to advise firefighters if anyone is trapped inside.

**Remember:**

Fire survival begins long before a fire ever starts. Be sure you have a working smoke alarm with fresh batteries installed. You and your family should create and practice an escape plan so you will be ready to react immediately at the first sign of a fire.
Carbon monoxide (CO) is a colorless, odorless, deadly gas created by home appliances, furnaces, ranges, dryers, heaters and other items that burn fuel. Symptoms of CO poisoning include headache, fatigue, nausea, dizzy spells, confusion and irritability. In case of a CO alarm or suspicion of CO poisoning:

- **GET OUT**
  Do not open windows or doors. Leave them closed so that an accurate reading can be obtained.

- **GET HELP**
  Call 9-1-1 or your local fire department from a neighbor’s home, a pay phone or cell phone if you suspect that you have a natural gas leak in or near your home. Do not call from inside your home.

- **STAY OUT**
  Do not re-enter the premises until you are told that it is safe to do so.
Can I call 9-1-1 if I use a TTY?

Yes. All Public Safety Answering Points (PSAPs) in the Kansas City Regional 9-1-1 System are equipped with TTY (text telephone) equipment. Communications professionals receive extensive training in handling emergency situations using this equipment.

Can someone who does not speak English call 9-1-1?

Yes. All Public Safety Answering Points in the Kansas City Regional 9-1-1 System subscribe to the Language Line, which provides access to interpreters who speak more than 140 languages. The Language Line maintains a 24-hour communications center. Even when a 9-1-1 call comes from a non-English speaking individual, help is only minutes away.

Will I receive medical information when I call 9-1-1?

The information that you will receive when dialing 9-1-1 varies depending on your location and the type of emergency. In all cases, dial 9-1-1 for medical emergencies that require an ambulance.

Be prepared for an emergency by learning CPR and other life-saving techniques. Contact your local fire department, emergency medical service department, American Red Cross or the American Heart Association for more information.
Should I call 9-1-1 when my utilities stop working?

No. You need to contact your individual utility companies, who provide phone, gas, water and electric services to your home. The 9-1-1 dispatcher CANNOT help you when these utilities stop working.

WRITE DOWN THESE IMPORTANT NUMBERS

Electric Company: ________________________________

Water Company: ________________________________

Gas Company: ________________________________

Phone Company: ________________________________

Other: ________________________________

These numbers can be found on your utility bills.

Notes:

________________________________________________________________________

________________________________________________________________________

________________________________________________________________________

________________________________________________________________________
VITAL INFORMATION

HOME ADDRESS: ____________________________________________

___________________________________________________________

HOME PHONE: (____) _________________________________________

NAMES OF ALL HOUSEHOLD OCCUPANTS: _____________

___________________________________________________________

PERSONAL EMERGENCY CONTACTS

NAME: _______________________________________________________

ADDRESS: ____________________________________________________

_________________________________________________________________

PHONE: (____) ________________________________________________

RELATIONSHIP: ____________________________

_________________________________________________________________

NAME: _______________________________________________________

ADDRESS: ____________________________________________________

_________________________________________________________________

PHONE: (____) ________________________________________________

RELATIONSHIP: ____________________________
# PERSONAL INFORMATION

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<tr>
<th>PERSONAL INFORMATION</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NAME: ____________________________</td>
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<tr>
<td>EMPLOYER: ___________________________________</td>
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<td>WORK ADDRESS: ___________________________________</td>
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<td>WORK PHONE: ___________________________________</td>
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<td>CELLULAR PHONE: ___________________________________</td>
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<td>PAGER: ___________________________________</td>
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<td>HEALTH INSURANCE: ___________________________________</td>
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<td>POLICY NUMBER: ___________________________________</td>
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<td>PHYSICIAN NAME: ___________________________________</td>
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<tr>
<td>PHYSICIAN PHONE: ___________________________________</td>
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<td>BLOOD TYPE: ___________________________________</td>
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**SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS, ALLERGIES, MEDICATIONS OR OTHER MEDICAL PROBLEMS OR HISTORY:**

________________________________________

________________________________________

________________________________________

________________________________________

________________________________________
NON-EMERGENCY CONTACTS

POLICE DEPARTMENT
ADDRESS: ________________________________
PHONE: ( ) ________________________________

FIRE DEPARTMENT
ADDRESS: ________________________________
PHONE: ( ) ________________________________

CITY HALL
ADDRESS: ________________________________
PHONE: ( ) ________________________________

OTHER
ADDRESS: ________________________________
PHONE: ( ) ________________________________

American Red Cross
PHONE: (816) 931-8400

American Heart Association
PHONE: (913) 648-6727

Poison Control
PHONE: (800) 222-1222